## Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A method for preparing salts of weakly coordinating anions of the type corresponding to the following formula (1), (2) or (3):

$$M[F-X(OR^F)_m]_z$$
 (1)

$$MI(^{F}RO)_{m}X-F-X(OR^{F})_{m}I_{z}$$
 (2)

$$M[(^{F}RO)_{m}X-F-X(OR^{F})_{n}-F-X(OR^{F})_{m}]_{z}$$
 (3)

wherein, in a first step an organyl compound of an element  $XR_m$  is reacted with a partially or completely fluorinated alcohol  $^FROH$  in an organic, aprotic solvent and then, in a second step, the resulting alkoxy compound of the element  $X(QR^F)_m$  is reacted with a sultable fluoride salt  $M_yY_z$  so as to abstract a fluoride ion, if necessary under  $XF_{m^*}$  catalysis, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of B, AI, Ga, In, P, As and Sb,

M is a monovalent or bivalent cation,

m is 3 or 5 and

n is 2, if m is 3, and/or

n is 4, if m is 5,

y is 1 or 2, provided that, if y is 1, Y is a monovalent anion,

or if y is 2, Y is a bivalent anion, and

z is 1 or 2, provided that, if z is 1, M is a monovalent cation,

or if z is 2, M is a bivalent cation.

 (Original) The method according to claim 1 for the production of salts of weakly coordinating anions of the type corresponding to the following formula (1'), (2') or (3'):

$$M[F-AI (OR^F)_3]_z$$
 (1')

$$M[(^{F}RO)_{3}AI-F-AI(OR^{F})_{3}]_{z}$$
 (2')

$$MI(^{F}RO)_{3}AI-F-AI(OR^{F})_{2}-F-AI(OR^{F})_{3}I_{2}$$
 (3')

wherein, in a first step an aluminum triorganyl compound  $AIR_m$  is reacted with a partially or completely fluorinated alcohol <sup>F</sup>ROH in an organic, aprotic solvent, and then, in a

second step, the resulting aluminum trialkoxy compound  $Al(OR^F)_3$  is reacted with a tetrafluoroborate salt  $M(BF_4)_z$ , if necessary, under  $BF_3$ -catalysis.

- 3. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1 [[or 2]], wherein the aluminum trialkoxy compound  $AI(OR^{F})_{3}$  is reacted with the tetrafluoroborate salt  $M(BF_{4})_{2}$  at a ratio of 1:1, if z is 1, or is reacted at a ratio of 2:1, if z is 2.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1 [[or 2]], wherein the aluminum trialkoxy compound  $AI(OR^{F})_{3}$  is reacted with the tetrafluoroborate salt  $M(BF_{4})_{z}$  at a ratio of 2:1, if z is 1, or is reacted at a ratio of 4:1, if z is 2.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A method according to any-one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein the organic, aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, benzene, toluene, cresol, chlorobenzene and trichlorobenzene.
- (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of the preceding claims claim 1, wherein R is a radical selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl, i-butyl, i-butyl, phenyl and tolyl.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of the preceding delime claim 1, wherein  $R^F$  is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  alkyl groups, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_6$  to  $C_{20}$  aryl groups, and partially or completely fluorinated  $C_3$  to  $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl groups.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method according to any-one-of-the-preceding claims claim 1, wherein, if z is 1, M is selected from the group consisting of alkali metal ions,  $\ln^+$ ,  $Ti^+$ ,  $Ag^+$ ,  $Cu^+$ ,  $NR'_4$ ,  $PR'_4$ , wherein R' is, independently in each case, hydrogen, a linear or branched  $C_1$  to  $C_{20}$ -alkyl radical or substituted or unsubstituted aryl

radical, and imidazolium, or, if z is 2, M is selected from the group consisting of  $Ni^{2+}$ ,  $Cu^{2+}$ ,  $Zn^{2+}$ ,  $Pol^{2+}$ ,  $Rh^{2+}$ , and  $Pl^{2+}$ .

- 9. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claime 1 to 8 claim 1, wherein, in a first step, the aluminum triorganyl compound AlMe<sub>3</sub> is reacted with a partially or completely fluorinated alcohol FROH in pentane at a ratio of 1:3 and then, in a second step, the resulting aluminum trialkoxy compound Al(ORF)<sub>3</sub> is reacted with tetrafluoroborate salt M(BF<sub>4</sub>)<sub>z</sub> at a ratio of 1:1, if z is 1, or at a ratio of 2:1, if z is 2, to yield a compound corresponding to formula (1¹) above.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claims 1-to 8 claim 1, wherein, in a first step, the aluminum triorganyl compound AlMe<sub>3</sub> is reacted with a partially or completely fluorinated alcohol FROH in pentane at a ratio of 1:3 and, then in a second step, the resulting aluminum trialkoxy compound Al(ORF)<sub>3</sub> is reacted with tetrafluoroborate salt M(BF<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> at a ratio of 2:1, if z is 1, or at a ratio of 4:1, if z is 2, to yield a compound corresponding to formula (2') above.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claime 1 to 8 claim 1, wherein, in a first step, the aluminum triorganyl compound AlMe<sub>3</sub> is reacted with a partially or completely fluorinated alcohol FROH in heptane at a ratio of 1:3 and then, in a second step, the resulting aluminum trialkoxy compound Al(ORF)<sub>3</sub> is reacted with tetrafluoroborate salt M(BF<sub>4</sub>)<sub>z</sub> at a ratio of 2:1 if z is 1, or at a ratio of 4:1, if z is 2, to yield a compound corresponding to formula (3') above.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claims 9 to 11  $\frac{\text{claim 9}}{\text{claim 9}}, \text{ wherein } \underline{\text{M is } \text{Aq}^* \text{ or } \text{NBu}_4^+ \text{ and } \text{R}^F \text{ is } (F_3C)_3C}.$
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method according to any one of claims 9 to 12 claim 10 wherein M is  $Ag^*$  or  $NBu_4^*$  and  $R^F$  is  $(F_3C)_3C$ .

14. (Original) Salts of weakly coordinating anions corresponding to formula (3):

$$MI(^{F}RO)_{m}X-F-X(OR^{F})_{n}-F-X(OR^{F})_{m}]_{z}$$
 (3)

wherein X is selected from the group consisting of B, Al, Ga, In, P, As and Sb,

M is a monovalent or bivalent cation.

m is 3 or 5 and

n is 2, if m is 3, and/or

n is 4, if m is 5,

z is 1 or 2, provided that, if z is 1, M is a monovalent anion,

and/or if z is 2, M is a bivalent anion, and

wherein, if z is 1, M is selected from the group consisting of alkali metal ions,  $In^*$ ,  $Ti^*$ .  $Ag^*$ ,  $Cu^*$ ,  $NR^*_*$ ,  $PR^*_*$ , wherein R' is, independently in each case, hydrogen, a linear or branched  $C_1$  to  $C_{20}$ -alkyl radical or substituted or unsubstituted anyl radical, and imidazolium, or, if z is 2, M is selected from the group consisting of  $Ni^{2*}$ ,  $Cu^{2*}$ ,  $Zn^{2*}$ ,  $Pd^{2*}$ ,  $Rn^{2*}$ , and  $Pt^{2*}$ , and  $R^F$  is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  alkyl groups, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_3$  to  $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl groups.

 (Original) The salts of weakly coordinating anions according to claim 14, represented

by the formula (3'):

$$M[(^{F}RO)_{3}AI-F-AI(OR^{F})_{2}-F-AI(OR^{F})_{3}]_{z}$$
 (3')

wherein z. M and RF are as defined above.

(Currently Amended) The salts according to claim 14 [[or 15]], wherein M is Ag<sup>+</sup> or NBu<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> and R<sup>F</sup> is (F<sub>3</sub>C)<sub>3</sub>C.

- 17. (Cancelled).
- 18. (Original) An alkoxy compound of an element, represented by formula (4):

$$X(OR^F)_m$$
 (4)

wherein X is selected from the group consisting of B, Al, Ga, In, P, As and Sb,

m is 3 or 5 and

 $R^F$  is selected from the group consisting of linear or branched, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  alkyl groups, partially or completely fluorinated  $C_8$  to  $C_{20}$  aryl groups, and partially or completely fluorinated  $C_3$  to  $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl groups.

- 19. (Original) The alkoxy compound of an element according to claim 18, wherein X is Al.
- 20. (New) A method according to claim 11 wherein M is Ag\* or NBu<sub>4</sub>\* and R<sup>F</sup> is (F<sub>3</sub>C)<sub>3</sub>C.